

Center, University of Texas at Arlington (UTADC 9204–9208; photo voucher). First confirmed record for Eddy County, and ca. 166 km E from the nearest known record in Otero County (Murry and Painter 2003. *Herpetol. Rev.* 34:166). The adult male (47 mm SVL, 58.8 mm TL) was captured by hand at 2100 h along an exterior bathroom wall of Whites City tent campground.

**THANCHIRA SURIYAMONGKOL** (e-mail: thanchira.suriyamongkol@enmu.edu), **KORRY J. WALDON** (e-mail: korry.waldon@enmu.edu), and **IVANA MALI**, Department of Biology, Eastern New Mexico University, 1500 S Avenue K Station 33, Portales, New Mexico 88130, USA (e-mail: ivana.mali@enmu.edu).

**MARISORA BRACHYPODA** (Middle American Short-limbed Skink). MEXICO: SINALOA: MUNICIPALITY OF SAN IGNACIO: near Highway 6, ca. 1.2 km SW prior to road to Lo de Ponce (23.80987°N, 106.55012°W; WGS 84), 177 m elev. 16 September 2011. Scott J. Trageser and Robert A. Schell. Verified by T. J. Papenfuss. Natural History Museum of Los Angeles County (LACM PC 2361; photo voucher). An individual of unknown sex was observed and photographed at 1230 h near the bank of a large dry arroyo. First record for Sinaloa, northernmost locality for the species in Mexico, and a range extension of ca. 185 km NE of the closest documented locality in Nayarit near the Sinaloa border (Andrade-Soto et al. 2012. *Mesoamer. Herpetol.* 4:224–230). Andrade-Soto et al. (2012, *op. cit.*), using Maxent to generate a species distribution model, predicted that *M. brachypoda* should be expected to occur even further north than our record, probably at least 40 km northward to the El Salto area (Municipality of Sinaloa) along contiguous riparian corridors.

**SCOTT J. TRAGESER**, 12525 E Arbor Vista Blvd, Tucson, Arizona 85749, USA (e-mail: trageser.scott@gmail.com); **ROBERT A. SCHELL**, WRA, Inc., 2169 East Francisco Blvd, Ste. G. San Rafael, California 94901, USA (e-mail: schell19@gmail.com).

**PLESTIODON INEXPECTATUS** (Southeastern Five-lined Skink). USA: TENNESSEE: DAVIDSON Co.: Couchville Cedar Glade State Natural Area (36.10221°N, 86.53406°W; WGS 84), 165 m elev. 2 April 2018. Steven Hromada. Verified by A. Floyd Scott. David H. Snyder Museum of Zoology, Austin Peay State University (APSU 19871; photo voucher). Juvenile found under rock at edge of cedar glade. New county record filling a gap in the central Nashville basin of Middle Tennessee (Scott and Redmond 2008. *Atlas of Reptiles in Tennessee*. <http://www.apsubiology.org/tnamphibiansatlas/>; accessed 3 April 2018). This record is ca. 12 km northwest from closest vouchered record in Rutherford County (Niemiller et al. 2007. *Herpetol. Conserv. Biol.* 6:135–149).

**STEVEN J. HROMADA** (e-mail: stevehromada@gmail.com) and **C. M. GIENGER**, Center of Excellence for Field Biology, Department of Biology, Austin Peay State University, Clarksville, Tennessee 37040, USA.

**SCELOPORUS COUCHII** (Couch's Spiny Lizard). MEXICO: COAHUILA: MUNICIPALITY OF MÚZQUIZ: rock cliffs near La Cuesta de Malena along Coahuila Hwy 53 (28.72409°N, 102.50215°W; WGS 84), 1521 m elev. 11 March 2018. Sean P. Graham, Mark Black, Mark Herr, and Tomas Hernandez. Verified by Jackson Shedd. James Scudday Vertebrate Collections, Sul Ross State University (SRSU 7085–7086).

MUNICIPALITY OF OCAMPO: limestone cliffs within Cañón San Isidro, Área de Protección de Flora y Fauna Maderas Del Carmen (28.85643°N, 102.58134°W; WGS 84), 1343 m elev. 14 March 2018. Sean P. Graham, Mark Black, Mark Herr, and Tomas Hernandez. Verified by Adrián Nieto-Montes de Oca.

James Scudday Vertebrate Collections, Sul Ross State University (SRSU 7091).

First records for the two municipalities, extending the range of this species in Coahuila ca. 160 and 180 km, respectively, north along the Sierra Madre Oriental to the Sierra del Carmen, from the nearest known locality in the Municipality of Cuatro Ciénegas (Lemos-Espinal and Smith 2007. *Anfibios y Reptiles del Estado de Coahuila, México/Amphibians and Reptiles of the State of Coahuila, Mexico*. UNAM, CONABIO, México, D.F. 550 pp.). This research was conducted on behalf of the Maderas del Carmen Flora and Fauna Protection Area under SEMARNAT collecting permit SGPA/DGVS/00047/18, issued to DL, with SPG listed as a sub-permittee. Both specimens are on indefinite loan to CEMEX El Carmen project office at Rancho Los Pilares, Coahuila, México. We thank B. Pat, B. McKinney, J. Villalobos, H. Sotelo Galardo, and other members of El Carmen conservation project for logistical support.

**TOMAS O. HERNANDEZ**, Department of Biology, Midland College, Midland, Texas 79705, USA; **MARK W. HERR**, Department of Ecology and Evolutionary Biology and Biodiversity Institute, University of Kansas, 1345 Jayhawk Blvd., Lawrence, Kansas 66045, USA (e-mail: mwherr@gmail.com); **ALEJANDRO ESPINOSA TREVIÑO**, CEMEX El Carmen Nature Reserve, Constitución 444 Pte. Monterrey, Nuevo León, México; **DAVID LAZCANO**, Universidad Autónoma de Nuevo León, Facultad de Ciencias Biológicas, Laboratorio de Herpetología, Apartado Postal 513, San Nicolás de los Garza, Nuevo León, C.P. 66450, México (e-mail: imantodes52@hotmail.com); **MARK BLACK** and **SEAN P. GRAHAM**, Department of Biology, Geology, and Physical Sciences, Sul Ross State University, Alpine, Texas 79830, USA.

**SCELOPORUS COWLESI** (Southwestern Fence lizard). USA: NEW MEXICO: DE BACA Co.: Fort Sumner Lake eastern campgrounds, Lake Sumner 88119 (34.61416°N, 104.3689°W; WGS 84), ca. 1300 m elev. 28 April 2018. Derek Jamerson and Thanchira Suriyamongkol. Verified by Carl J. Franklin. Amphibian and Reptile Diversity Research Center, University of Texas at Arlington (UTADC 9196–9200; photo voucher). The adult male specimen (58.47 mm SVL, 58.17 mm tail length) was caught at Fort Sumner Lake around arid vegetation after running under a large rock for cover. *Sceloporus cowlesi* has been spotted in multiple locations in the surrounding Torrance, Sandoval, and Bernalillo counties (Painter et al. 2017. *West. Wildl.* 4:29–60). The first report of this species in New Mexico was in Mimbres Canyon (Bernalillo County) in 1935 (San Diego Natural History Museum [SDNHM] 224293). This specimen is the first verified record of *S. cowlesi* found in De Baca County. The closest verified record is in Torrance County, ca. 246 km to west of the current location (Museum of Southwestern Biology [MSB] 98705).

**DEREK JAMERSON** (e-mail: derek.jamerson@enmu.edu), **THANCHIRA SURIYAMONGKOL** (e-mail: thanchira.suriyamongkol@enmu.edu), and **IVANA MALI**, Department of Biology, Eastern New Mexico University, 1500 S Avenue K Station 33, Portales, New Mexico 88130, USA (e-mail: ivana.mali@enmu.edu).

**SCINCELLA LATERALIS** (Little Brown Skink). USA: TENNESSEE: COCKE Co.: North Cherokee National Forest (35.93573°N, 82.97504°W; WGS 84). 4 April 2018. Katie Harris and Wade GeFellers. Verified by A. Floyd Scott. David H. Snyder Museum of Zoology, Austin Peay State University (APSU 19872; photo voucher). One adult found on a south-facing slope on a fallen Post Oak (*Quercus stellata*). This Cocke County record is a new county record extending the known range eastward (Scott and Redman 2008. *Atlas of Reptiles in Tennessee*. <http://www.apsubiology.org>).